

Moving from "Access" to "Quality Access:"
Growing Latino Learning Communities on College
Campuses

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Statement of the Problem

- In Michigan, as with the rest of the country, Hispanics have a much larger concentration of children and young adults than non-Hispanics have . This is especially noticeable for those between the ages of 5 and 17 where a 9 percentage point difference separates Hispanics from non-Hispanics. This age distribution should signify that more Hispanics than non-Hispanics should be enrolled in K-12 and college; however, this is not the case.
- •Despite a larger under 18 population, a larger percentage of non-Hispanics than Hispanics are enrolled.
- •As is the case for any population, a major factor in the continued success of Hispanics is the extent to which the population is educated. As one moves along the continuum of education, wages and occupation opportunities are sure to follow.

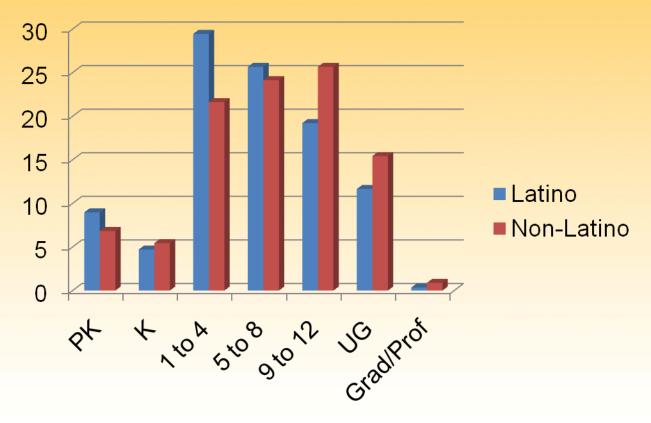


WAYNE STATE Source: 2008 SMILEI Study



Low Educational Attainment Among Latinos

Distribution of SE MI Enrollment: Latino vs. Non-Latino (2006)

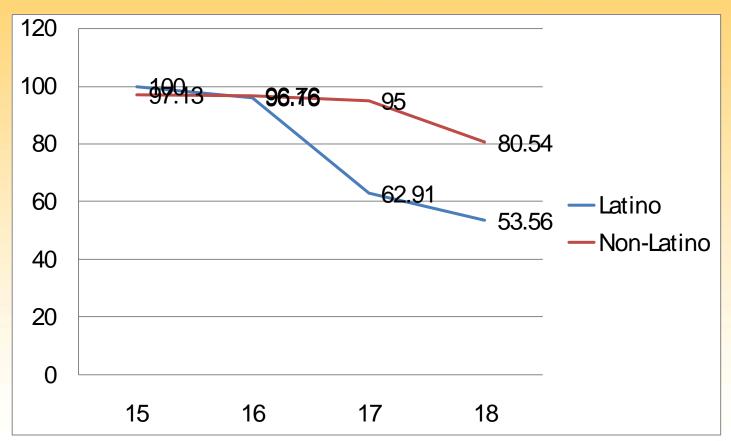






High H.S. Drop Out Rate Among Latinos

Percent of MI Population Enrolled in H.S. by Age: Latino vs. Non-Latino (2006)







Low Degree College Enrollment Among Latinos

Percent of MI Population Enrolled in College by Age: Latino vs. Non-Latino (2006)

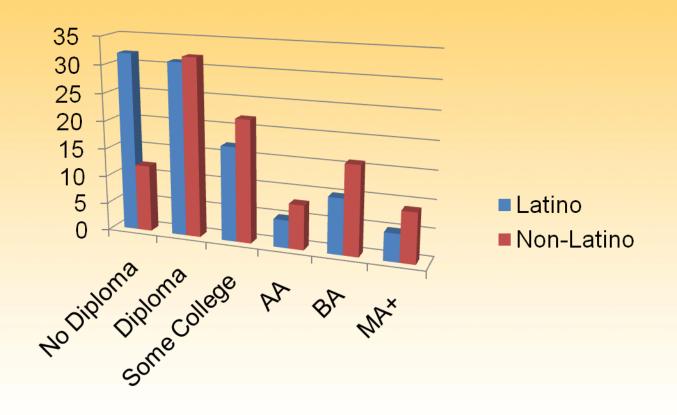






Low Educational Attainment Among Latinos

State Educational Attainment: Latino vs. Non-Latino (2006)

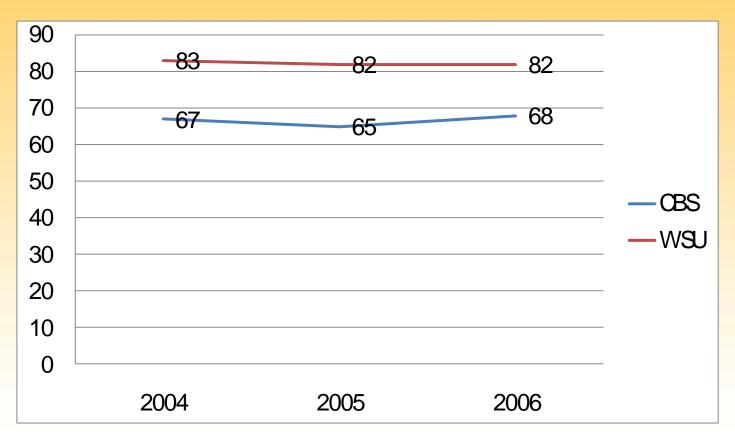






Establishing a Statistical Baseline

% First Year Fall to Winter Retention by Cohort Year (2004-2006)

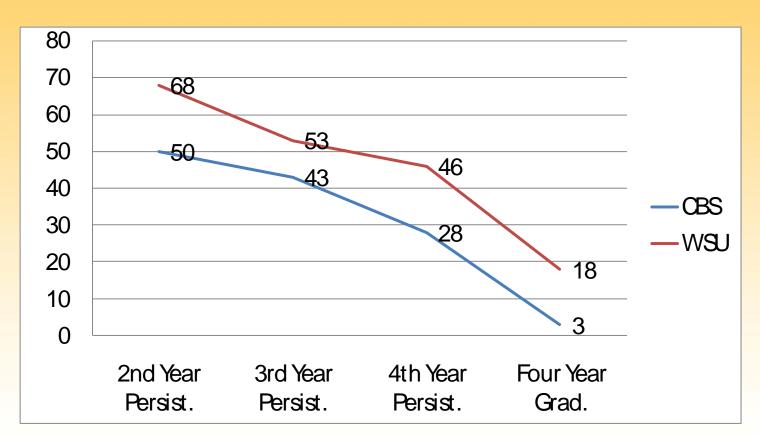






Establishing a Statistical Baseline

% Fall to Fall Annual Persistence (2004)







Literature Review

Best Practices in Creating College Learning Communities

Nancy S. Shapiro	Jodi H. Levine	ISU – CELT
 Curriculum, especially the use of clustered, writing-intensive courses 	Curriculum, clustered courses	 Curriculum, emphasizing active learning & "diverse" (differentiated) learning
 Faculty collaboration, mentorship, integrated curriculum 	Faculty engagement	 Contact between faculty & students
Peer leadership & mentorship	 Student collaboration 	Develop cooperation among students
Students cohorted	Cohort students	





New CBS Scholars Program Curriculum (2007)

CBS Scholars Program Curriculum (First Year)

Courses	Semester	Content	Purpose
Summer Enrichment Program (SEP)	Summer	English & Math Enrichment	Successful Transition from high School
CBS 1410: Student Success Seminar	Fall & Winter	Study Skills, Time Management, Writing & Research	Successful Transition to WSU
English 1010/1020	Fall & Winter	Introductory College Composition	General Education Requirements
Math 0993/1050	Fall & Winter	College Mathematics	General Education Requirement





New CBS Scholars Program Curriculum (2007)

CBS Scholars Program Curriculum (Second & Third Year)

Course	Term	Content	Purpose
UCS 0991: Design Your Future	Fall 2 nd Year	Career & Professional Development	Career Development
CBS 2000 & 3000-level Courses	Fall & Win 2 nd Year	Latino & Latin American History, Literature & Culture	Cultural Exploration & Understanding
CBS 3710: Com. Based Service Learning	3 rd Year	Community Service Activities & Research Methods	Leadership Training





Launch of CBS College to Career (C2C) Program

Program Learning Objectives

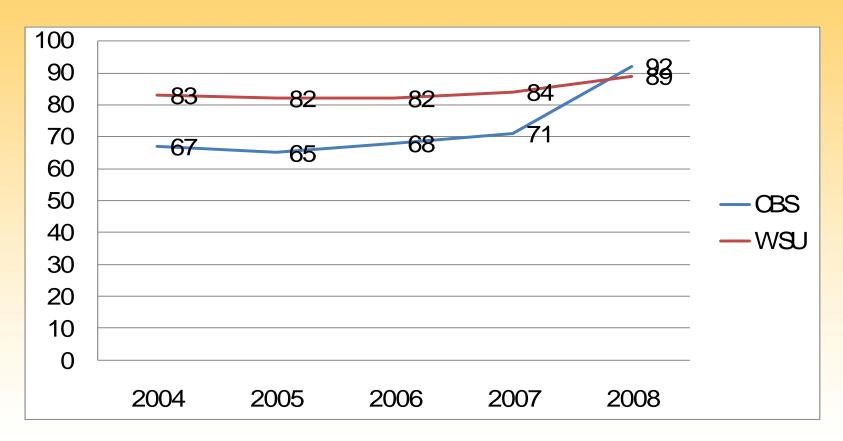
- Emphasis on Research & Community Service
- High Academic Expectations
- Graduate & Professional School Preparation
- Career Development & Professional Mentorship
- Applied Research & Presentation of Findings
- Emphasis on Graduation (moving to "Quality Access")





Assessing Impact

% First Year Fall to Winter Retention by Cohort Year (2004-2008)

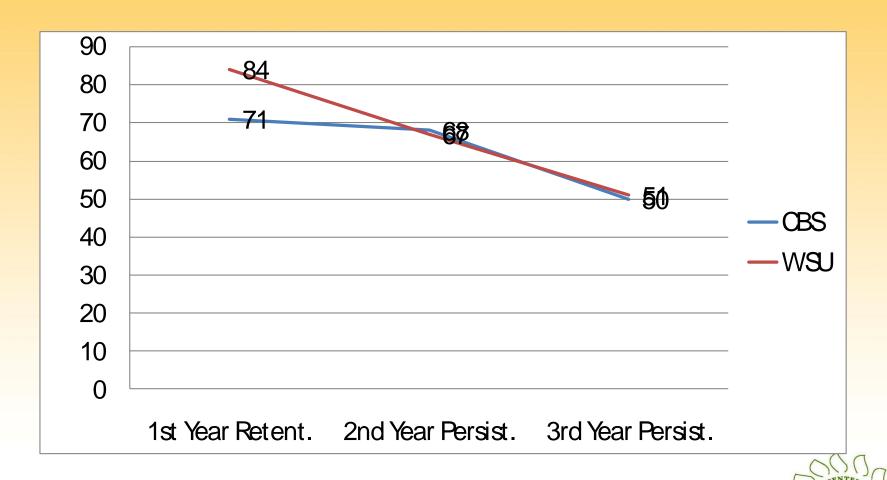






Assessing Impact

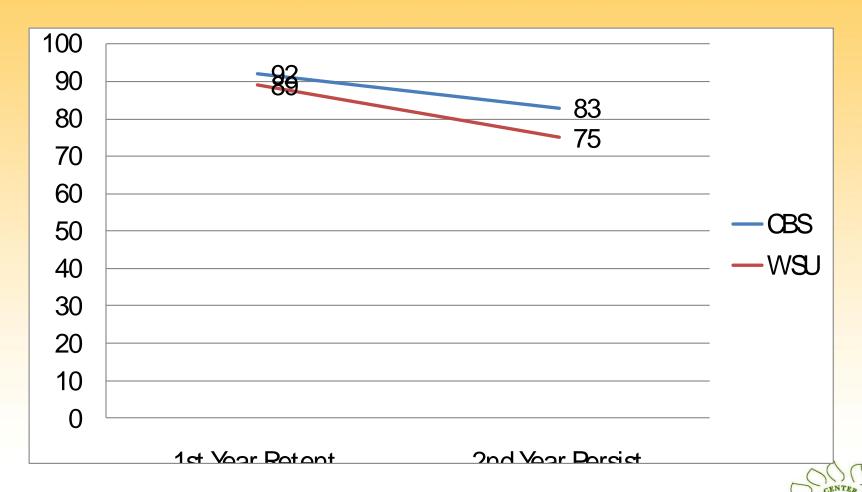
% Fall to Fall Annual Persistence (2007)





Assessing Impact

% Fall to Fall Annual Persistence (2008)





Conclusions

- Learning Communities methodologies are effective when applied to the CBS Scholars & CBS C2C Programs
- After just one cohort year completing the new curriculum, more data needs to be collected to fully assess impact on 4- and 6-year graduation rates.
- But retention and persistence rates are looking good, which would predict future increases in graduation rates as well.



